



BANSTEAD  
URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL



# ANNUAL REPORT

*of the  
Medical Officer of Health  
for the Year 1968*





**BANSTEAD URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL**

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**ANNUAL REPORT**  
**OF THE**  
**MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH**  
**for the Year 1968**

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**HEALTH AND HOUSING COMMITTEE 1968/69**

**Chairman:**

Councillor A. J. SHEPHERD

**Vice-Chairman:**

Councillor R. F. A. HUTCHINSON

Councillor Mrs. M. R. CLARK

Councillor ALLAN SHEPHERD

Councillor T. W. R. CLARK

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Councillor Miss K. M. G. DU PRÉ

Councillor N. S. SPIRES

*(Vice-Chairman of the Council)*

Councillor R. L. PAGE

Councillor R. V. STEPHENSON

**Ex-Officio:**

Councillor E. A. CRANHAM, J.P., *Chairman of the Council*

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## **PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS OF THE AUTHORITY**

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### **Medical Officer of Health:**

**\*JAMES B. MORWOOD, M.B., F.R.C.S.I., D.P.H.**

### **Deputy Medical Officer of Health:**

**GWEN R. TAPP, M.B., B.S., M.R.C.S., D.P.H., D.C.H.**

### **Chief Public Health Inspector:**

**A. R. E. JARMAN, M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I.**

### **Deputy Chief Public Health Inspector:**

**J. M. JEFFERY, Cert. R.S.I., M.A.P.H.I.**

### **Public Health Inspectors:**

**L. M. EDWARDS, Cert. R.S.I., M.A.P.H.I.**

**\*\* ‡E. E. HUNDY, Cert. R.S.I., M.A.P.H.I.**

**\*\*C. R. SOUTHGATE, Cert. R.S.I., M.A.P.H.I.**

*(All the Inspectors are qualified Meat Inspectors)*

### **Authorised Meat Inspector:**

**B. J. JONES, M.Inst.M., A.M.R.S.H.**

**A. R. KESBY, M.Inst.M., A.M.R.S.H.**

*(from 1.4.68)*

### **Public Analyst (*Part Time*):**

**D. D. MOIR, M.Sc., F.R.I.C.**

*(Deceased 21.1.68)*

**J. A. PALGRAVE, B.Sc., F.R.I.C.**

*(from 19.2.68)*

**J. H. SHELTON, F.R.I.C. (Deputy)**

*(from 18.3.68)*

### **Pests Officer:**

**J. McKEE**

### **General Sanitary Assistant:**

**F. G. UPSON**

### **Clerical Staff:**

**Senior Clerk: C. I. PHILLIPS**

**Clerk/Shorthand Typist**

**Mrs. L. S. WRIGHT**

**Clerk:**

**Miss B. E. COLLINS**

\* Also Divisional Medical Officer, Surrey County Council.

\*\* Holder of Certificate of R.S.H. Smoke Inspection.

‡ Holder of Certificate of Sanitary Science.



Tel.: Burgh Heath 53430.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT,  
CHIPSTEAD ROAD,  
BANSTEAD.

June, 1969.

To the Chairman and Councillors of the  
Urban District of Banstead.

MR. CHAIRMAN, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I have the honour to submit my Annual Report for the year 1968, which has been prepared in accordance with the Ministry of Health Circular 1/69.

The Public Health (Infectious Diseases) Regulations, 1968, came into operation on the 1st October. These Regulations added tetanus, yellow fever and leptospirosis to the list of diseases to be notified, infective jaundice having been made notifiable earlier in the year. This is an important group of diseases although, apart from infective jaundice, they are uncommon. Yellow fever is rare, but could be introduced into this country by air transport. Notification will help to control these diseases.

A measles vaccination campaign was started in the latter half of the year and it is satisfactory to note that the number of cases of measles (18) was the lowest since the disease was made notifiable on the 23rd October, 1939. One of the reasons for this low figure was the immunity of the child population because of the epidemic which occurred in 1967, but it may well be that the vaccination campaign was also an important factor.

In conclusion I should like to thank the Chairman and Members of the Health and Housing Committee for their advice and support throughout the year, and the staff of the Public Health Department for their efficiency and helpfulness at all times.

I am,

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

J. B. MORWOOD,

*Medical Officer of Health.*



## STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA

Area ... .. 12,821 acres

	1966	1967	1968
Registrar-General's Estimate of Resident Population at 30th June ... ..	42,020	41,950	42,100
Census 1961 (23rd April) ... ..	...	...	41,573
Number of Inhabited Houses according to Rate Book at 31st December...	12,799	13,015	13,254
Rateable Value at 31st December ... ..	£2,251,617	£2,290,949	£2,329,327
Estimated Product of 1d. Rate ... ..	£8,950	£9,250	£9,390

The Urban District of Banstead comprises the Parishes of Banstead (5,659 acres), Chipstead (2,151 acres), Kingswood (1,820 acres), Walton-on-the-Hill (2,304 acres), and Woodmansterne (887 acres). The Banstead Parish contains several defined communities, namely Banstead, Burgh Heath, Nork, Tattenhams and Tadworth. Lower Kingswood is within the Kingswood Parish.

The altitude is high. Banstead Village is 530 feet, Chipstead 550 feet, Lower Kingswood 660 feet, and Walton-on-the-Hill 580 feet above sea level.

Green Belt and Common land provide large tracts of open space and generally the district is well wooded, undulating and of great scenic beauty.

The district is mainly residential and agricultural in character.

For the purposes of electoral representation, the district is divided into ten wards, namely, Banstead Village, Burgh Heath, Chipstead, Kingswood, Nork, Preston, Tadworth, Tattenhams, Walton-on-the-Hill and Woodmansterne.

# EXTRACTS FROM VITAL STATISTICS FOR 1968

					M.	F.
Live Births	...	...	459	Live Births		
				Legitimate	...	230
				Illegitimate	...	16
Live Birth Rate per			10.9			
1,000 population			(or 12.3			
			adjusted)			
(England and Wales)	...		16.9			
Ratio of local adjusted						
birth rate to national						
rate	...	...	...			0.73
Illegitimate Live Births per cent of total Live Births	...				5.9%	
Still Births	...	...	3	Still Births		
				Legitimate	...	2
				Illegitimate	...	-
Still Birth rate per						
1,000 total Live and						
Still Births	...	...	6			
(England and Wales)	...		14			
Total Live and Still Births			462			
Infant Deaths				Infant Deaths		
(deaths under one year)			10	Legitimate	...	4
				Illegitimate	...	-
Infant Mortality Rates						
Total infant deaths per 1,000 total live births	...				22	
(England and Wales)	...	...	...		18	
Legitimate infant deaths per 1,000 legitimate live						
births	...	...	...		23.1	
Illegitimate infant deaths per 1,000 illegitimate live						
births	...	...	...		Nil	
Neo-natal Mortality Rate (deaths under four weeks per						
1,000 total live births)	...	...	...		15.3	
(England and Wales)	...	...	...		12.3	
Early Neo-natal Mortality Rate (deaths under one week						
per 1,000 total live births)	...	...	...		13.1	
(England and Wales)	...	...	...		10.5	
Perinatal Mortality Rate (still births and deaths under						
one week combined per 1,000 total live and still						
births)	...	...	...		19	
(England and Wales)	...	...	...		25	
Maternal Mortality (including abortion)						
Number of Deaths	...	...	...		Nil	
Rate per 1,000 total live and still births	...	...	...		Nil	
(England and Wales)	...	...	...		0.24	

					<i>M.</i>	<i>F.</i>
Deaths	...	...	...	519	222	297
Death Rate per				12·3		
1,000 population				(or 9·5		
				adjusted)		
(England and Wales)				11·9		
Ratio of local adjusted						
death rate to national						
rate	...	...	...	0·80		

### Causes of Death of Infants under One Year of Age

1 Hour	Asphyxia Neonatorum and Toxaemia of Pregnancy
1 Hour	Prematurity
9 Hours	Atelectasis and Cerebral Haemorrhage due to Prematurity
1 Day	Respiratory Distress Syndrome and Prematurity
1 Day	Prematurity
2 Days	Respiratory Distress Syndrome and Prematurity
2 Weeks	Heart Failure and Transposition of Great Vessels
3 Months	Hydrocephalus
3 Months	Inhalation Pneumonia and Severe Subnormality
4 Months	Cardiac arrest due to atrio- ventricular canal defect

[illegible]



# CAUSES OF DEATH 1968 continued

CAUSE OF DEATH	Sex	Total All Ages	Under 4 weeks	4 weeks & under 1 year	AGE IN YEARS								75 and over	
					1—	5—	15—	25—	35—	45—	55—	65—		
B43 Birth Injury, Difficult Labour, etc.	M	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
B44 Other Causes of Perinatal Mortality	F	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
B45 Symptoms and Ill-Defined Conditions	M	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	F	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
BE47 Motor Vehicle Accidents...	M	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
	F	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11
BE48 All Other Accidents	M	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	F	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
BE49 Suicide and Self-Inflicted Injuries	M	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	F	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
BE50 All Other External Causes	M	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	F	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TOTAL ALL CAUSES	M	222*	3	1	2	1	3	2	4	24	48	57	77	
	F	297*	4	2	—	—	1	—	3	9	30	60	188	

\* Includes 167 deaths in Institutions.

Causes of deaths in respect of which no deaths occurred are omitted from the above.

# PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER, INFECTIOUS DISEASES

A total of 56 cases of notifiable infectious diseases, other than Tuberculosis, was reported as compared with 668 cases in 1967. The distribution of the cases as between district and institutional cases, in age groups and in Wards, is as follows :—

DISEASE	District Cases	Institution Cases	Total Cases
Dysentery ... ..	3	—	3
Erysipelas ... ..	1	—	1
Food Poisoning ... ..	1	—	1
Infective Jaundice ... ..	10	—	10
Measles ... ..	18	—	18
Paratyphoid Fever ... ..	1	—	1
Pneumonia ... ..	2	—	2
Puerperal Pyrexia ... ..	1	—	1
Scarlet Fever ... ..	9	—	9
Whooping Cough ... ..	10	—	10
Totals ...	56	—	56

DISEASE	Cases in Age Groups												Admitted to Hospital	Deaths
	Under 1	1	2	3	4	5 to 9	10 to 14	15 to 19	20 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 64	Over 65	Total	
Dysentery ...	—	1	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—
Erysipelas ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—
Food Poisoning ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—
Infective Jaundice ...	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	3	1	—	4	—	10	—
Measles ...	—	1	1	1	2	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	18	—
Paratyphoid Fever ...	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Pneumonia ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	2	—
Puerperal Pyrexia ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—
Scarlet Fever ...	—	—	—	—	3	5	—	—	1	—	—	—	9	—
Whooping Cough	1	—	1	—	1	6	1	—	—	—	—	—	10	—
Totals ...	1	2	2	1	6	28	2	3	4	2	4	1	56	—



DISEASE	WARDS										
	Banstead Village	Burgh Heath	Chipstead	Kingswood	Nork	Preston	Tadworth	Tattenhams	Walton-on- the-Hill	Woodman- sterne	Total
*Estimated Population ...	5960	2808	1408	5059	6382	2784	3196	6480	1986	3424	39487
Dysentery ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	3
Erysipelas ...	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1
Food Poisoning ...	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Infective Jaundice	1	—	—	1	3	2	3	—	—	—	10
Measles ...	1	4	—	6	1	—	3	—	3	—	18
Paratyphoid Fever	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Pneumonia ...	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
Puerperal Pyrexia	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Scarlet Fever ...	2	—	1	2	—	2	1	1	—	—	9
Whooping Cough	2	3	—	2	—	3	—	—	—	—	10
Totals ...	10	7	1	12	5	7	10	1	3	—	56

\* Based on inhabited house figures after deduction of institutional population of 2,613.

**Scarlet Fever.** Nine cases were notified, ten less than in 1967. The illness continued mild and caused no deaths. The speedier return to school and non-exclusion of family contacts continued and is justified by the mildness of the disease.

**Diphtheria.** No cases were notified for the twenty-third year in succession. Whether further cases do occur is now largely in the hands of parents, as the disease can readily re-appear and spread if the percentage of children immunised is allowed to fall.

Details of the number of children immunised against diphtheria during the year are as follows:—

Number immunised	...	...	...	...	...	391
Number receiving reinforcing injections	...	...	...	...	...	795

**Smallpox.** No cases were notified.

Vaccination of infants under two years of age is our first line of defence against smallpox. The trend now is to vaccinate infants between the ages of one and two years rather than in the first year of life. The basal immunity provided enables re-vaccination later in life to be carried out with less risk of reaction. An increasing number of people travel abroad and vaccination is often required

as a precautionary measure. Outbreaks of smallpox arise suddenly. Vaccination is our only safeguard as no treatment is yet known to be effective.

Details of the number of children vaccinated during the year are as follows:—

Number vaccinated	...	...	...	...	...	385
Number re-vaccinated	...	...	...	...	...	74

**International Certificates of Vaccination.** The number of International Certificates authenticated during the year was 832.

**Measles,** 18 cases were notified in 1968 compared with 621 cases in 1967.

The monthly distribution of notified cases for the five years 1964 to 1968 is shown in the following table :—

	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total
1964 ...	—	—	1	2	—	—	—	16	—	1	7	71	98
1965 ...	31	96	50	27	55	43	22	5	5	—	6	1	341
1966 ...	2	—	1	—	5	4	2	3	1	8	20	39	85
1967 ...	70	161	217	139	8	9	5	10	—	2	—	—	621
1968 ...	—	2	—	—	—	—	3	3	—	—	1	9	18

Number immunised ... 574

**Whooping Cough.** 10 cases were notified in 1968.

All children should be immunised, preferably starting at six months. Immunisation will prevent or modify the illness in the majority of cases. This is best combined with diphtheria and tetanus.

Details of the number of children immunised against whooping cough during the year are as follows:—

Number immunised	...	...	...	...	...	366
Number receiving reinforcing injections	...	...	...	...	...	414

**Dysentery.** There were three cases notified in 1968, compared with four cases in 1967.

**Tetanus.** Immunisation against tetanus is best combined with diphtheria and whooping cough antigens in infancy and given with diphtheria antigen at school entry and at age 10. The tetanus

bacillus is a normal inhabitant of the intestine of the horse and immunisation by toxoid is an important precautionary measure for all who work in stables and on manured land. Infection is acquired through an abrasion or wound of the skin which may be so small as to escape notice. Immunisation with the toxoid avoids the prophylactic use of anti-tetanus serum to which some people are allergic. To be effective immunisation should be re-inforced at intervals not exceeding five years. When anti-tetanus serum is required it is now customary to give the first injection of tetanus toxoid at the same time to be followed by two more doses at one month intervals in order to avoid the further use of anti-tetanus serum at some future date.

Details of the number of children immunised against tetanus during the year are as follows:—

Number immunised	...	...	...	...	...	400
Number receiving reinforcing injections	...	...	...	...	...	838

**Acute Meningitis.** No cases were notified during the year.

**Acute Poliomyelitis.** No cases were notified during the year.

Details of the number of persons vaccinated against poliomyelitis during the year are as follows:—

Number vaccinated	...	...	...	...	...	427
Number re-vaccinated	...	...	...	...	...	622

**Paratyphoid Fever.** One case of paratyphoid fever was notified during the year. The patient was a five year old girl who made a complete recovery. In spite of intensive investigation, it was not possible to discover the source of infection.

**Food Poisoning.** There was one case of food poisoning notified in 1968. The causative organism was *Salmonella Heidelberg* and the disease was contracted abroad.

**Puerperal Pyrexia.** One case was notified during 1968. The patient made a complete recovery.

**Pneumonia.** Two cases were notified.

**Non-Notifiable Diseases.** The following non-notifiable infectious diseases were reported by head teachers during the year:—

Mumps	...	...	...	44 cases
Chicken-pox	...	...	...	136 cases
German Measles	...	...	...	163 cases
Impetigo	...	...	...	2 cases

School notifications are a useful index of the prevalence of non-notifiable diseases and are a basis for consultation with the School Medical Officers.

### **The Public Health (Infectious Diseases) Regulations, 1968.**

These Regulations came into operation on 1st October, 1968. The principal changes from the earlier Regulations are :—

- (i) The obligation to notify a case of infectious disease now rests solely on the medical practitioner attending the patient.
- (ii) Changes and additions are made to the list of diseases which are to be notified. These changes are :—

*(a) Diseases no longer to be notified :—*

Acute primary pneumonia  
Acute influenzal pneumonia  
Membraneous croup  
Puerperal pyrexia  
Acute rheumatism  
Erysipelas

*(b) Additional diseases now to be notified:—*

Tetanus and yellow fever  
Leptospirosis  
Infective Jaundice (this was  
made notifiable on the 15th  
June, 1968)

- (iii) The powers of a Medical Officer of Health of a district have been extended to allow him to vaccinate or immunise, without charge, contacts of persons suffering from certain additional diseases if he considers it in the public interest, and if the contact is agreeable.
- (iv) All documents relating to notifications are to be treated as confidential and shall be sent in such a manner that their contents cannot be read during transmission.
- (v) The powers of a local authority to require a person to stop work in order to prevent spread of infection are extended to permit action in cases of food poisoning.

## TUBERCULOSIS

On 31st December, 1968, there were on the register 221 cases of tuberculosis, of which 202 were pulmonary and 19 non-pulmonary.

Two new cases of pulmonary tuberculosis were notified as against 13 in 1967. No cases of non-pulmonary tuberculosis were notified.

The following table shows the age and sex distribution of new cases of tuberculosis notified in 1968 and also the number of deaths and the age and sex distribution.

Age Periods	New Cases				Deaths			
	Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary		Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
45	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
55	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
over 65	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Totals	1	1	—	—	1	—	—	—

There was one death from pulmonary tuberculosis. The death rate for tuberculosis was 0.024 per 1,000 of population, compared with 0.043 per 1,000 of population for England and Wales.

Protective B.C.G. vaccination is offered to school children in the 13 year age group. During the year, 724 children were vaccinated.

The social care of patients as well as the medical is of the greatest importance and the voluntary service of our local representatives on the Epsom and Leatherhead and Banstead District Care Committee is greatly appreciated. The Committee works in close co-operation with the Medical Social Workers and provides extra nourishment, clothing, bedding, grants for occupational therapy and holidays for children, mothers and convalescent patients.



## MASS X-RAY

A Mobile Unit attends each Tuesday from 7.30 to 8.30 p.m. at a site adjoining the Central Library, Bolters Lane, Banstead, for members of the public and for patients referred by their own doctor. During the year 780 persons so referred were x-rayed with results as follows:—

	Males	Females	Total
Total number examined ... ..	446	334	780
Cases of Pulmonary Tuberculosis found ...	1	—	1
Cases of Lung Cancer found ... ..	3	—	3

*Other persons x-rayed:*

	Males	Females	Total
Total number examined ... ..	1,984	2,270	4,254
Cases of Pulmonary Tuberculosis found ...	—	—	—
Cases of Lung Cancer found ... ..	1	—	1

The above 4,254 persons attended voluntarily at the Unit visiting the Central Library, or at a Mobile Unit visiting Factory and Institution sites, etc., in the district.

## GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA

### Environmental Services

The Health and Housing Committee, acting under powers delegated by the Council, administer most of the local authority duties referred to in this Report. Improvement grants are dealt with by a sub-committee of the Finance Committee, the Town Planning Committee deal with the planning aspect of caravans and the Public Works and Highways Committee with main drainage and sewerage, refuse collection and disposal.

### Personal Health Services

These services include the care of mothers and young children, midwifery, home nursing, the home help service and the care and after care of persons suffering from illness. They are administered by the Surrey County Council through the Divisional Medical Officer, "Caberfeigh", Hatchlands Road, Redhill (Redhill 64732).

### Hospital Facilities

There are no general hospitals within the Urban District. The chief hospitals serving the district are the Redhill General Hospital; East Surrey Hospital, Redhill; Epsom District Hospital; Sutton General Hospital; and St. Helier Hospital, Carshalton.

Specialised hospitals in the area are (1) Banstead Hospital for Nervous Diseases, which serves part of the Greater London area

and Banstead and also admits mental cases with tuberculosis from the whole area of the South-West Metropolitan Regional Hospital Board; (2) Tadworth Court, a country branch of the Hospital for Sick Children, Great Ormond Street; (3) Queen Elizabeth Hospital for Children; (4) The Zachary Merton Convalescent Home, a branch of the London Hospital; and (5) Shabden Park Hospital for long term geriatric cases, administered by Epsom Group Hospital Management Committee.

### **Laboratory Facilities**

The Public Health Laboratory at Epsom and the laboratory at Sutton General Hospital, are available for bacteriological and pathological examinations of specimens and samples.

For chemical analyses the services of the Public Analyst were employed.

329 infectious disease or food poisoning specimens and other samples were submitted to the laboratories from the Urban District and were made up of 153 faeces specimens and 176 others.

### **Ambulance Facilities**

The Surrey County Council Main Ambulance Control is at Walton Lodge Estate, Brighton Road, Banstead.

In cases of emergency, for example accidents, an ambulance can be obtained by telephone by dialling '999'.

Requests for ambulances in all other cases can only be obtained through a doctor or a hospital and such requests are to be made to the Superintendent, County Ambulance Control, Walton Lodge Estate, Brighton Road, Banstead. Telephone: Burgh Heath 53491.

### **Mortuary Facilities**

The arrangement for the use of the mortuary at Epsom District Hospital continued.

60 bodies were admitted to the Mortuary during the year.

### **Medical Examinations**

52 medical examinations of staff were undertaken during the year for fitness for employment, superannuation and sick pay purposes.

### **Health Education**

On the occasion of the Information Day for new members of the Council, and for the benefit of groups of students and young



people, visits were paid to the Department, when an exhibition was arranged on each occasion to demonstrate the activities of the Department.

## National Assistance Act, 1948

Section 47 — Persons in need of care and attention.

It was not necessary to take action under this Section in 1968.

Section 50 — Burial/Cremation.

No action was necessary under this Section during the year.

## SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

### Water Supply

Water for domestic purposes is supplied to the district from the deep wells of the Sutton District Water Company and of the East Surrey Water Company, the former supplying the Parishes of Banstead, Kingswood and Woodmansterne, and the latter the Parishes of Chipstead and Walton-on-the-Hill.

Two houses at Walton-on-the-Hill are supplied with water from the mains of the Epsom & Ewell Corporation.

(a) The water supply of the area and of its several parts has been satisfactory:—

#### (i) In quality

Chlorination is applied to all sources of supply as chloramine and the water is softened to 9 degrees or less of hardness.

The Sutton District Water Company and the East Surrey Water Company submit samples of water for examination by their Consultant Analysts at monthly intervals and also operate their own laboratories. Samples of the raw and treated waters are examined daily by their Chemists.

Thirteen samples were taken in the Urban District for bacteriological examination, and four for examination.

Specimen analyses of samples of water taken during 1968 from the sources supplying the Urban district are as follows:—

#### Chemical

(Results in parts per million.) Pumping Stations at

				S.D.W.Co.	E.S.W.Co.	
				Woodmansterne	Purley	Leatherhead
Reaction pH	...	...	...	7.9	8.9	8.2
Total Solids	dried	at				
180° C.	...	...	...	185	165	170
Nitrogen in Nitrates	...	...	...	6.5	5.3	5.9
Nitrogen in Nitrites	...	...	...	0.0	0.002	0.0
Chlorine in Chlorides	...	...	...	16.0	17.0	19.0
Total hardness (grains						
per gallon)	...	...	...	8.4	7.3	7.1

### *Bacteriological*

Number of Bacteria on

Agar per c.c. for 3 days

at 20° C. ... ..

0

0

0

Number of Bacteria on

Agar per c.c. for 1 day

at 37° C. ... ..

0

0

0

Presence of B. coli in

100 c.c. ... ..

0

0

0

The waters are not liable to have plumbo-solvent action.

Lead is consistently absent from the water as drawn from the wells and after being in contact with lead pipe for overnight periods the concentration of lead (as Pb) is within the limit laid down in W.H.O. International Standards for Drinking Water. 2nd Edition, 1963.

#### (ii) **In quantity**

The district received unrestricted supplies of high quality water throughout the year.

(b) No action was necessary in respect of any form of contamination.

(c) The number of dwelling houses and the number of the population supplied from public water mains are as follows:—

#### (i) **Direct to houses.**

The Sutton District Water Company supplies approximately 11,979 dwellings, the East Surrey Water Company, 1,273 and Epsom & Ewell Corporation two dwellings. The total population supplied is 42,100.

#### (ii) **By means of standpipes**

All the dwellings in the urban district have a piped water supply therein except the majority of caravans which have a supply by standpipe.

(d) The natural fluoride content of the water is less than 0.1 p.p.m.

## **Rainfall**

The following table shows the rainfall recorded at the rear of the Council House, Banstead during 1968 :—

Month	Inches	Inches
January	2.76	(2.39)
February	1.62	(2.03)
March	1.14	(1.57)
April	2.64	(2.33)
May	2.85	(5.56)
June	2.66	(1.88)
July	3.94	(.97)
August	4.56	(2.23)
September	9.61	(2.50)
October	3.27	(4.49)
November	2.11	(2.33)
December	4.18	(2.52)
	<hr/> 41.34	<hr/> (30.80)

The figures in brackets are those of 1967 for comparison.

The heavy and prolonged rainfall on the 15th and 16th September (when 4.4 inches in 31 hours was recorded) caused flooding in several parts of the District, mostly due to surcharging sewers. Only in a few cases, however, did water enter houses and the Council's resources were freely made available to assist the residents.

**Drainage and Sewerage**

The majority of premises in Banstead, Kingswood, Walton-on-the-Hill, Woodmansterne and Chipstead are served by public foul water sewers.

Generally, the sewers serving Banstead and Walton-on-the-Hill discharge to disposal works at Worcester Park in the London Borough of Sutton. The remainder discharge to disposal works of the London Borough of Croydon at Beddington.

Foul water sewers, amounting to ½ mile in length, were laid or taken over. The approximate length of foul water sewers is 97 miles. This excludes sewers provided on the Council's Housing Estates and also those public sewers which, prior to 1st October 1937, were known as combined drains.

As a result of a sewer extension, the pumping station at Wellesford Close was abolished.

Where sewers are not provided, drainage of premises is by cesspools or septic tank installations. The number of cesspools is approximately 583 situate as follows :—

Banstead	...	...	118	Walton-on-the-Hill	63	
Chipstead		...	194	'Woodmansterne	...	32
Kingswood		...	176			

During the year the drainage of 16 houses was connected to existing sewers.

The district is not sewered for the surface water drainage of premises, disposal of such water being to soakaways in the sub-soil.

The work to complete the Walton-on-the-Hill Surface Water Drainage Scheme was commenced in the early part of 1968 and was nearing completion at the end of the year. Approximately 2½ miles of sewer have been laid.

**Rivers and Streams**

None in the Urban district.

## PUBLIC CLEANSING

### Cesspool Emptying

The Council undertake the emptying of cesspools, the service being free of charge where a public sewer is not available. Three cesspool emptiers are in use. The cesspool contents are discharged into the sewers at three disposal points, at Waterhouse Lane, Kingswood, How Lane, Chipstead, and Brighton Road, Lower Kingswood.

### Closet Accommodation

Water closets are the general rule, but there are seven pail closets in Kingswood, one in Banstead, five in Chipstead, and one in Walton-on-the-Hill, six of these pail closets being at domestic properties and three at caravans. The contents are emptied by the Council twice weekly, the service being free of charge where a public sewer is not available.

### Refuse Collection and Disposal

House refuse is collected by the Council weekly, except in the case of Banstead Hospital from which the refuse is collected daily, Monday to Friday.

Disposal of the refuse is by means of controlled tipping at Rookery Farm, Lower Kingswood.

The refuse service is operated under the control of the Council's Engineer and Surveyor.

### Civic Amenities Act, 1967

In accordance with this Act, a place was provided at the Controlled Tip, Rookery Farm, Lower Kingswood, where residents may deposit refuse free of charge. The need for such provision has been well demonstrated by the abundant use made thereof.

The Act provides for a maximum fine of £100, on conviction, for any unauthorised dumping. In this connection, one person was prosecuted and was fined £5 with £3.3s.0d. costs.

## SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE AREA

The number of inspections of premises and visits, etc., made in respect of the various duties are as follows:—

Animal Boarding Establishments	...	...	...	...	...	3
Betting, Gaming and Lotteries Act	...	...	...	...	...	13
Civic Amenities Act	...	...	...	...	...	117
Clean Air Act	...	...	...	...	...	3
Controlled Tip (Refuse Disposal)	...	...	...	...	...	52
Dangerous Structures	...	...	...	...	...	3
Drainage of Premises	...	...	...	...	...	629

Factories	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	85
Outworkers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26
Flooding	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	136
Food Supply	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5
Food and Drugs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	38
Food Unsound	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	429
Food Poisoning	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25
Ice Cream	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18
Meat Inspection (Slaughtering)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	979
Premises, Stalls and Vehicles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	296
Slaughterhouse	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	185
Health Education	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5
Housing :								
Inspections of Dwellings	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	58
Rc-inspections	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	35
Improvement Grants	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	116
Movable Dwellings	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	471
House Mortgages	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	34
Rent Act, 1957	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13
Permitted Numbers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	178
General	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	102
Infectious Disease :								
General	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	384
Rooms Disinfected	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Legal Actions	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Milk Supply	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21
Miscellaneous Visits	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	113
National Assistance Act – Sec. 47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9
Sec. 50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Noise Control	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	47
Notices Informal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	117
Nuisances – Inspections and Re-inspections	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	440
Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act, 1963	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	159
Pet Animals Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Petroleum	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	276
Piggeries, Stables, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11
Ponds	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16
Public Buildings – Sanitary Conveniences	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9
Riding Establishments	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	62
Schools and Canteens	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9
Scrap Metal Dealers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7
Sewage Disposal Works (Private)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
Shops Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	42
Slaughter of Poultry Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12
Smoke Control	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	55
Swimming Pools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	63
Trade Effluent	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10
Vermín :								
Flies, Bed-bugs, Fleas, Lice, Cockroaches, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	91
Rooms disinfested	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26
Head Lice – Visits	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Scabies – Visits	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Rats and Mice – Visits	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,948
Wasps and Bees – Visits	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	88
Water Supply	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20

## Public Conveniences

There are five public conveniences provided by the Council, situated in Banstead, Lower Kingswood, Tattenhams and Wood-



mansterne, four being sited at public recreation grounds and one at Banstead Wood. In addition, by arrangement, the conveniences at a public house are available for use by the public at Lower Kingswood.

### **Shops Act, 1950**

The District Council is the Shops Act Authority for the Urban district.

There are 363 shops in the district. No Orders have been made in respect of Closing Hours or Partial Exemption.

### **Swimming Pools**

No pools are available in the district for use by the public. There are three open air pools and four indoor pools at Schools, one open air pool at office premises and it is known there are several open air pools at residential premises.

Sixty-three visits of inspection were made during the year and eighteen samples submitted for bacteriological examination. The results of six were unsatisfactory. These were followed up until satisfactory.

### **Scrap Metal Dealers**

Two persons resident in the district were granted registration as scrap metal dealers. One registration lapsed and was not renewed.

### **Offensive Trades**

There are no trades of this type in the Urban district.

### **Complaints**

The complaints received totalled 1,000. They related to a wide variety of subjects.

### **Massage Establishments**

The provisions of Part IV of the Surrey County Council Act, 1931, relating to the registration and management of Massage Establishments, are in operation. There are five such establishments in operation within the Urban district.

### **Riding Establishments Act, 1964**

Mrs. K. Cole-Powney is the Veterinary Surgeon appointed by the Council under the Act to visit and report upon the riding establishments in the district.

The proprietors of ten establishments were licensed by the Council during the year.

Fourteen inspections of these establishments were made by the Veterinary Surgeon, the number of horses being :-

For hire	...	...	78
At full livery	...	...	99
At half livery	...	...	3
Total			<hr/> 180 <hr/>

### **Animal Boarding Establishments Act, 1963**

The proprietors of two establishments were licensed in 1968, one of the premises being for boarding of dogs and the other for cats.

### **Agriculture (Safety, Health and Welfare Provisions) Act, 1956**

The duties of a local authority under this Act relate only to sanitary conveniences for the use of workers employed on agricultural units.

No action was necessary under this Act.

### **Factories**

The factories in the district are small in character. They include builders premises, boot repairers, manufacturers of food, motor repairers, bakehouses and laundries.

A small amount of outwork is carried on in the district, such outworkers being employed in the making of wearing apparel, boxes, and lampshades for firms mostly in the London area.



**Annual Report of the Medical Officer of Health in respect of the Year 1968 for the Urban District of Banstead in the County of Surrey.**

**Prescribed Particulars on the Administration  
of the Factories Act, 1961**

**PART I OF THE ACT**

**1—INSPECTIONS** for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors).

Premises (1)	Number on Register (2)	Number of		
		Inspections (3)	Written notices (4)	Occupiers prosecuted (5)
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities ... ..	5	1	—	—
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority ... ..	94	38	2	—
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises) ... ..	167	46	1	—
Total ...	266	85	3	—

2—Cases in which DEFECTS were found (If defects are discovered at the premises on two, three or more separate occasions they should be reckoned as two, three or more “cases”).

Particulars  (1)	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted  (6)
	Found (2)	Remedied (3)	Referred		
			To H.M. Inspector (4)	By H.M. Inspector (5)	
Want of cleanliness (S.1) ... ..	2	2	—	—	—
Overcrowding (S.2) ...	—	—	—	—	—
Unreasonable tempera- ture (S.3) ... ..	—	—	—	—	—
Inadequate ventilation (S.4) ... ..	—	—	—	—	—
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6) ... ..	—	—	—	—	—
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7)					
(a) Insufficient ...	1	1	—	—	—
(b) Unsuitable or defective ... ..	—	—	—	—	—
(c) Not separate for sexes ... ..	1	1	—	—	—
Other offences against the Act (not includ- ing offences relating to Out-work) ...	2	2	—	—	—
Total ...	6	6	—	—	—

## PART VIII OF THE ACT

### OUTWORK

(Section 133)

There are no factories in the Urban District employing out-workers.

(Section 134)

Premises where outwork is undertaken :—

Nature of work (1)	No. of premises where outwork is undertaken	Section 134		
		No. of instances of work in unwholesome premises (5)	Notices served (6)	Prosecutions (7)
Wearing apparel, Making etc. ...	3	—	—	—
The making of boxes or other receptacles or parts thereof made wholly or partially of paper ...	1	—	—	—
Lampshades ...	5	—	—	—
Total ...	9	—	—	—

There are several research laboratories and premises in the district which are not factories to which the Factories Acts apply.

### Offices, Shops and Railway Premises

The number of premises registered at the end of the year was:—

	Number	Persons Employed	General Inspection
Offices ...	63	2,115	2
Retail Shops ...	178	783	9
Wholesale Shops and Warehouses ...	5	214	—
Catering Establishments and Canteens ...	26	280	1
Fuel Storage Depots ...	—	2	—
	<u>272</u>	<u>3,394</u>	<u>12</u>

Of the persons employed, 1,626 were males and 1,768 females.  
The total number of visits made by the Inspectors was 159.

The attention of the occupiers of 6 registered premises was called to non-compliance with requirements of the Act as follows:—

	Shops	Offices	Catering Establishments
Abstract of Act etc. – lack of ... ..	—	1	—
First Aid Boxes – lack of ... ..	—	1	—
Lighting – inadequate ... ..	—	—	1
Machinery – insufficient guarding ... ..	1	—	—
Stairs/steps – unsatisfactory condition ... ..	2	—	2
Temperature – lack of thermometer ... ..	—	1	—
Washing facilities – lack of running hot and cold water ... ..	—	—	1
— lack of soap and towels ... ..	—	—	1

No applications were made for exemption from the provisions of the Act.

The number of accidents notified under the Act involving employees being absent from work for more than three days was five. Two notifications related to accidents in shops, two in catering establishments and one in an office. No accident was fatal.

Each notified accident was investigated. In two cases contraventions were observed – (i) in respect of stairs; and (ii) in respect of steps. A warning was given to the occupiers in each case and measures were promptly taken to remedy the defects.

### **Petroleum (Consolidation) Act, 1928**

42 licences were granted for the storage of petroleum spirit during the year, and the fees for these licences totalled £50.10.0.

The detailed routine inspections of storage sites, and work entailed in supervising and testing the installation of new underground tanks, pipelines and electrical equipment, involves an increasing call on the time of the Inspectors.

### **Consumer Protection Act, 1961**

The Public Health Inspectors are authorised Officers for the purpose of the administration of the duties of the Council under this Act.

No formal action was necessary.

### **Pet Animals Act, 1951**

Four premises in the district are licensed as Pet Shops.

### **Eradication of Bed-Bugs and Fleas**

Six infestations of fleas and one infestation of bed-bugs were dealt with successfully by insecticidal spray.

## Prevention of Damage by Pests Act, 1949

The destruction of rats and mice continued as in previous years. The following infestations were dealt with:—

Common rat – major infestations (over 50 rats)	...	2	
– minor	.. ... ..	229	
		<hr/>	231
House mouse – major infestation	... ..	1	
– minor	.. ... ..	139	
		<hr/>	140

The properties inspected totalled 647 and inspections and re-inspections numbered 1,948.

The duties of the Council under the Act relate to enforcement of the provisions thereof, but the Council provide a disinfection service which occupiers of premises can employ if they so desire. Charges made were of a nominal character in respect of residential premises and were dependent on the type and character of the infestation. The charges in respect of business premises were on a cost basis.

The charges amounted to £482.

No infestation of ship rats was found.

## Other Pests

From time to time advice was sought in regard to infestations of various types of insects – beetles, cockroaches, bats, crickets, ants, flies, moth larvae, wasps. When treatment was carried out a charge was made.

## Clean Air Act, 1956

Notifications were received in respect of the installation of eight furnaces under Section 3(3) of the Act.

There are no smoke control areas in the district.

## Noise Abatement Act, 1960

Four complaints were received relating to noise. These referred to launderette and dry cleaning machinery, constant humming in house and noise from demolition work. No formal action was necessary. The complaint relating to the constant humming noise was unfounded. Advice in operation of plant was given in the other cases.

## HOUSING

### Slum Clearance

The position in relation to the 104 houses in the slum clearance programme at 31.12.68 was :—

	Houses
Demolished or closed ... ..	88
Awaiting rehousing ... ..	1
Found not to be unfit for human habitation at present ... ..	10
Action outstanding ... ..	5

Two vacant houses in Woodmansterne, subject to Demolition Orders, were demolished during the year. These were not included in the Slum Clearance Programme.

### Repairs

Houses not in all respects fit where repairs have been carried out under informal action ... ..	43
---	----

### Council Housing

The number of Council houses, flats, etc., at 31st December, 1968 as as follows :—

	Permanent Dwellings				Temporary Bungalows
	Pre- War	Post- War to 31.12.67	Built During 1968	Total	
Banstead Village ...	42	72	—	114	—
Burgh Heath ... ..	26	225	—	251	—
Chipstead ... ..	16	23	—	39	—
Kingswood ... ..	70	48	—	118	38
Nork ... ..	—	319	—	319	74
Preston ... ..	46	142	16	204	13
Tadworth ... ..	—	7	—	7	—
Tattenhams ... ..	—	830	7	837	—
Walton-on-the-Hill ...	65	14	—	79	—
Woodmansterne ...	44	34	—	78	56
Totals ... ..	309	1,714	23	2,046	181

NOTE—The above table includes 86 Post-war Houses that have been sold.

In addition the Council own five occupied houses which existed on land at the time of purchase for housing purposes as follows:—

Banstead Village Ward ... ..	2
Burgh Heath Ward ... ..	2
Tadworth Ward ... ..	1



## IMPROVEMENT OF HOUSES

### Discretionary Grants

Five applications for grant were approved. These related to owner/occupied dwellings.

The amount of grant paid during the year was £2,095. 0s. 0d. in respect of seven dwellings, grants for which were approved in 1966 (2), 1967 (3), 1968 (2).

### Standard Grants

Five applications were approved. These related to four owner/occupied dwellings and one tenanted dwelling.

A grant of £124. 8s. 3d. was paid following the completion of works at one dwelling in respect of which grant was approved in 1967.

The following standard amenities were provided:—

- Fixed bath in a bathroom
- Wash hand basin
- Hot water supply
- Internal W.C.
- Larder

In addition to the grant applications 17 enquiries were received from owners relating to works outside the grant scheme.

### Loans for Purchase, Improvement and Repair of Houses

The Council's scheme continued to operate. During the year there was some revision of the scheme which was approved by the Minister of Housing and Local Government.

### Rent Act, 1957

One application for a certificate of disrepair was received during the year and resulted in an undertaking being given by the landlord to remedy the defects. Therefore a certificate was not issued.

### Movable Dwellings

There are five areas in the district where movable dwellings are prohibited by Court Orders obtained some years ago under Section 57 of the Surrey County Council Act, 1931. They are in Banstead, Nork, Tattenhams, Tadworth and Woodmansterne.

The site for 150 caravans at Lower Kingswood, for which planning permission and the site licence expired on the 31st May, 1967, remained in full use. An application to the Ministry of



Housing and Local Government for consent to a loan in connection with a negotiated purchase of the site by the Council was initially refused. Further representations were made by the Council. At the end of the year these were still being pursued and the future of the site was still unresolved.

Following the obtaining of short-term planning approval, caravan site licences, to run concurrently with the planning term, were issued in respect of individual caravans at four sites.

Approval was given to one application to alter the site licence conditions. The number of caravans permitted at the site was increased from four to six. The amended site licence conditions related to caravans provided with internal toilet and bathroom, connected to mains water supply, drainage system, and electricity supply.

Encampment of travellers' (gypsy) caravans occurred for short periods on several occasions in the early months of the year. Not more than two caravans were seen at a time and the number of days the caravans were in the district amounted in the aggregate to 37.

In January, Councillor Allan Shepherd and the Chief Public Health Inspector attended a one-day conference on the subject of gypsies and other travellers which emphasised the magnitude of the gypsy problem throughout the country and the need for the provision of special sites for them.

New legislation (The Caravan Sites Act, 1968 – Part II) places a duty on the Surrey County Council to provide adequate accommodation for gypsies residing in or resorting to the county area. Although this part of the Act will not come into force until a date to be appointed by Ministerial Order, the Surrey County Council arranged to undertake a census early in 1969 of gypsies in the County to assess the extent of the problem.

At 31st December, 1968, the number of occupied caravans in the district was :—

	Caravans	Sites
On licensed sites ... ..	15	7
On site where licence has expired ... ..	148	1
Awaiting licence application ... ..	1	1
Gypsies ... ..	—	—
	<u>164</u>	<u>9</u>

This excludes caravans exempt from licensing requirement.

## INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

### Milk Supply

At the end of the year premises registered under the Milk and Dairies Regulations were as follows:—

Distributors of milk	...	...	...	...	...	22
Dairies	...	...	...	...	...	1

In respect of pre-packed designated milk, the following licences were in force.

"Ultra Heat Treated"	"Untreated"	"Pasteurised"	"Sterilised"
10	7	15	10

Four samples of pasteurised milk, one sample of sterilised milk, and one sample of ultra heat treated milk, were examined and found to conform to standard.

The Urban district is within the London area for the purposes of The Milk (Special Designations) (Specified Areas) Order, 1951.

### Milk Supplies – Brucella Abortus

(i) Number of samples of raw milk examined	...	...	1
(ii) Number of positive samples found	...	...	Nil

### The Liquid Egg (Pasteurisation) Regulations 1963

There are no egg pasteurisation plants in the district.

### Ice Cream

The number of premises registered for the storage and sale of ice cream is 85.

Six samples were submitted for bacteriological examination and gave Provisional Grade I results.

### Manufacture of Sausages, Preserved Food, Etc.

Premises registered in respect of the manufacture of sausages, preserved food, etc., number 34 as follows:—

Sausages	...	...	...	...	14
Hams	...	...	...	...	12
Sausages and Preserved Meats	...	...	...	...	7
Preserved Meats	...	...	...	...	1

### Poultry Inspection

- (i) number of poultry processing premises within the district  
– 13 (all small)
- (ii) number of visits to these premises ... .. – 12

The establishments are farms or smallholdings and as far as poultry processing is concerned are very small, making supervision difficult as killing times are irregular and notification of times of slaughter is not obligatory. No special action was called for during the year.

## Slaughtering of Animals

A licence was issued for the rebuilt slaughterhouse at Walton-on-the-Hill which commenced operations on the 1st February. Designed for "line" slaughtering, equipped with modern machinery for carcase dressing and increased refrigeration space, these premises operated satisfactorily during the year and are a great improvement on the slaughtering methods previously used.

A second Authorised Meat Inspector was appointed to ensure that meat inspection was carried out in accordance with the Meat Inspection Regulations. The hours of slaughtering were from 7 a.m. to 5 p.m. on Mondays to Fridays inclusive.

The Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food approved the slaughterhouse for the purpose of exporting meat carcasses in November, so that a considerable amount of meat is exported from these premises to the European Economic Community countries.

Details of slaughtering (in cattle units) for the last three years are as follows :—

				1966	1967*	1968†
Cattle (excluding Cows)	...			3,892	1,464	5,032
Cows	...	...	...	721	571	1,275
Calves	...	...	...	792	12	56
Sheep	...	...	...	2,841	321	4,897
Pigs	...	...	...	700	360	431
				<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Totals	...			8,946	2,728	11,691
				<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

\* Only part of year.

† From February.

1 Cattle Unit = 1 Bovine or 3 Calves or 5 Sheep or 2 Pigs.

## Carcases and Offal Inspected and Condemned in Whole or in Part

	Cattle excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs	Horses
Number killed ... ..	5,032	1,275	168	24,483	862	—
Number inspected... ..	5,032	1,275	168	24,483	862	—
<i>All diseases except Tuberculosis and Cysticerci</i>						
Whole carcases condemned	5	8	8	73	5	—
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned ... ..	1,532	685	11	4,458	127	—
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis and cysticerci ... ..	30.5	54.3	11.3	18.5	15.3	—
<i>Tuberculosis only</i>						
Whole carcases condemned	—	—	—	—	—	—
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned ... ..	—	—	—	—	1	—
Percentage of the number inspected affected with tuberculosis ... ..	—	—	—	—	0.1	—
<i>Cysticercosis</i>						
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned ... ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
Carcases submitted to treatment by refrigeration ... ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
Generalised and totally condemned ... ..	—	—	—	—	—	—

## Food Supply

Food trades and premises in the district are as listed below. The manufacture of food is minor in character principally relating to bread, flour confectionery and sausages.

## Food Hygiene (General) Regulations, 1960

	(i) No. of food premises	(ii) No. of premises fitted to comply with Reg. 16	(iii) No. of premises to which Reg. 19 applies	(iv) No. of premises fitted to comply with Reg. 19
Bakers and Confectioners (Flour) ...	8	8	8	8
Butchers ... ..	24	24	24	24
Canteens ... ..	18	18	18	18
Cafes and Catering Establishments ...	16	16	16	16
Chemists ... ..	14	14	14	14
Clubs, Halls, etc. ... ..	21	20	16	16
Confectioners (Sugar) ... ..	34	34	31	31
Fishmongers ... ..	5	5	5	5
Fruiterers and Greengrocers ...	23	22	23	23
Grocers and Provision Merchants ...	55	55	54	54
Grocers and Provision Merchants (Wholesale) ... ..	1	1	1	1
Institutions, Schools, etc. ... ..	47	47	47	47
Licensed Premises ... ..	23	23	23	23
Off Licences ... ..	15	14	11	11
Frozen Foods (Wholesale) ... ..	1	1	1	1
	<u>305</u>	<u>302</u>	<u>292</u>	<u>292</u>

Inspection of premises showed that a reasonable standard of hygiene was maintained and food traders and employees were co-operative.

Notice cards asking that in the interests of hygiene, dogs shall not be taken into food shops were circulated to all food shops and restaurants in the Urban District. Most traders were very willing to co-operate by displaying these cards in a prominent position in the shop.

During inspections of premises and particularly during investigation of complaints affecting perishable commodities opportunity was taken to encourage traders to introduce a reliable coding system to ensure that proper rotation of stock takes place.

Attention was called during the year to the following :—

Article	Complaint
1. Bacon ... ..	Fly blown.
2. Bath Buns ... ..	Mould growth.
3. Blackcurrant Tart ...	Mould growth.
4. Bread Loaf ... ..	Piece of glass.
5. Butter ... ..	Foreign object – wire.
6. Chocolate Sandwich Cake	Mould on artificial cream



7. Cooked Ham in Jelly ...	Fly in jelly.
8. Flour ... ..	Foreign bodies – beetles (2).
9. Fruit and Nut Milk Chocolate ... ..	Foreign object – large metal fragment.
10. Long Grain Rice ...	Mould growth.
11. Milk ... ..	Dark substance.
12. Milk ... ..	Dirty bottle.
13. Puff Wafer Biscuits ...	Insect.
14. Sliced Smoked Salmon	Strong and unpleasant smell.
15. Stewed Steak with Gray	Foreign object – wood.

In the case of No. 9, legal proceedings were instituted and a fine of £20 was imposed upon the manufacturers and 10 guineas costs awarded to the Council.

As to No. 13, in legal proceedings the retailers established a defence of warranty and were awarded 30 guineas costs, but the manufacturers were fined £25 and the Council awarded 15 guineas costs.

In addition, in the case of Nos. 11 and 12, upon reference to the Local Authority in whose district the milk was bottled, legal proceedings taken by that Authority resulted in fines being imposed of £20 and £10 respectively, with costs.

Respecting Nos. 2, 3, 5, 8 and 15, warnings were given, and in Nos. 1, 4, 6 and 10, no formal action was taken but improvements in refrigeration, turnover of stocks and improved storage resulted from the investigations.

The cases of Nos. 7 and 14 were referred to the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food, as the complaints concerned food canned in foreign countries.

## Unsound Food

The following was surrendered as unfit for human consumption:—

	Cans	Jars	Pkts.	lbs.
Beverages ... ..	1,260	—	—	—
Cereals ... ..	55	—	2	—
Confectionery ... ..	3	—	11	105
Fish and fish products ...	1,474	16	—	—
Frozen foods ... ..	39	—	3,640	211
Fruit ... ..	8,000	15	29	—
Jams and Preserves ... ..	217	23	—	—
Jelly ... ..	—	3	—	—
Meat and meat products ...	2,075	10	28	2,363
Milk and milk products ...	1,352	1	8	126
Sauce ... ..	50	—	—	—
Seasoning ... ..	1	7	2	—
Soups ... ..	261	—	—	—
Vegetables ... ..	10,808	37	—	—
	<u>25,595</u>	<u>112</u>	<u>3,720</u>	<u>2,805</u>

## Slaughtering/Meat Inspection

### Beasts –

Diaphragms	...	...	42
Heads and Tongues	...	...	14
Hearts	...	...	22
Kidneys	...	...	22
Livers	...	...	1,185
Livers (Part)	...	...	173
Trimblings, lbs.	...	...	51
Whole Carcases and Offal	...	...	5

### Calves –

Heart	...	...	1
Kidneys	...	...	6
Trimblings, lbs.	...	...	4
Whole Carcases and Offal	...	...	7

### Cows –

Diaphragms	...	...	17
Flank and Ribs	...	...	46
Heads and Tongues	...	...	8
Hearts	...	...	6
Kidneys	...	...	68
Legs	...	...	3
Legs (Part)	...	...	1
Livers	...	...	517
Livers (Part)	...	...	103
Side	...	...	1
Sides (Part)	...	...	43
Trimblings, lbs.	.....	.....	88
Whole Carcases and Offal	...	...	9

### Pigs –

Head and Tongue	...	...	1
Hearts	...	...	23
Kidneys	...	...	3
Legs (Part)	...	...	13
Livers	...	...	107
Livers (Part)	...	...	3
Side	...	...	1
Side (Part)	...	...	1
Trimblings, lbs.	...	...	120
Whole Carcases and Offal	...	...	5

### Sheep and Lambs –

Forequarters	...	...	7
Forequarters (Part)	...	...	47
Heads	...	...	2
Hearts	...	...	508
Kidneys	...	...	53
Legs	...	...	21
Legs (Part)	...	...	55
Livers	...	...	4,094
Livers (Part)	...	...	29
Loins	...	...	6
Side	...	...	1
Trimblings, lbs.	...	...	40
Whole Carcases and Offal	...	...	73

## Food and Drugs Sampling, 1968

Samples submitted to the Public Analyst are as listed below:-

Article	Samples Analysed		Article	Samples Analysed	
	Formal	Informal		Formal	Informal
Anchovies ...	-	1	Ground Ginger ...	-	2
Apple Squash ...	-	1	Ham and Chicken		
Aspic Jelly Powder	-	1	Roll ...	-	1
Beef Dripping ...	-	1	Kidney Risotto ...	-	1
Butter ...	-	1	Kipper Fillets ...	-	1
Cal Fresh ...	-	1	Kosher Margarine	-	1
Caramel Top Desert	-	1	Lactic Cheese		
Cheese Flaps in			Spread ...	-	1
Tomato Sauce ...	-	1	Lemon Culinary		
Cheese Spread ...	-	1	Flavour ...	-	1
Cheese Spread and			Lemon Drink ...	-	2
Crab ...	-	1	Lemon Squash ...	-	1
Cheese Spread and			Liver Pate ...	-	1
Ham ...	-	1	Liver Sausage ...	-	1
Cherry Fruit Cake	-	1	Malt Extract with		
Chestnut Puree ...	-	1	Cod Liver Oil ...	-	1
Chocolate Creme...	-	1	Margarine ...	-	1
Chopped Pork and			Marzipan ...	-	1
Ham ...	-	1	Mashed Potato		
Cochineal Extract	-	1	Smash ...	-	1
Cockles ...	-	1	Meat Pastie ...	-	1
Codeine Tablets ...	-	1	Mentho-lyptus		
Coffee, Instant ...	-	1	Tablets ...	-	1
Comb Honey ...	-	1	Milk ...	1	6
Cornflour ...	-	1	Milk Shake Syrup	-	1
Cornish Pastie ...	-	1	Mixed Fruit ...	-	1
County Stuffing ...	-	1	Mixed Peel ...	-	1
Cream of Mushroom			Mousse Flavoured		
Soup ...	-	1	with Jamaica Rum	-	1
Cream of Pheasant			Olive Oil ...	-	1
Soup ...	-	1	Orange Pie Filling	-	1
Cream of Tartar ...	-	1	Orange Squash ...	-	1
Cut Mixed Peel ...	-	1	Oxo - Golden ...	-	1
Currey Mixture ...	1	-	Oxtail Soup ...	-	1
Custard Powder ...	-	1	Potted Beef ...	-	1
Dates ...	-	1	Rice ...	-	1
Dessicated Coconut	-	1	Rice Creamola ...	-	1
English Refined Lard	-	1	Saccharin Sodium		
Evaporated Milk...	-	1	Tablets ...	-	1
Fish Paste, Salmon			Saccharin Tablets	-	1
and Shrimp ...	-	1	Sardines in Oil ...	-	1
Fish Spread, Crab	1	-	Sauce Melba ...	-	1
Flour, Plain ...	-	1	Sauce Robert ...	-	1
Flour, Self-Raising	-	1	Sausages, Pork		
Food Colours ...	-	2	(Preserved) ...	1	1
Frankfurters ...	-	2	Sausage Roll ...	-	1
Frozen Fish Fingers	-	1	Settler's Indigestion		
Fruit Flip Dessert	-	1	Tablets ...	-	1
Glace Angelica ...	-	1			

Article	Samples Analysed		Article	Samples Analysed	
	Formal	Informal		Formal	Informal
Soluble Aspirin Tablets ...	-	1	Tartare Sauce ...	-	1
Spiced Ham Spread ...	-	1	Thick Chicken Soup ...	-	1
Stem Ginger ...	-	1	Toasty Grills ...	-	1
Sterilised Cream ...	-	1	Tomato Flavour Soup ...	-	1
Sugar, Barbados ...	-	1	Tomato Soup ...	-	1
Sugar, Coffee ...	-	1	Vinegar, Draught...	1	-
Sugar, Granulated ...	1	-	White Pepper ...	-	1
Sultanas ...	-	1	Wrapped Sliced Bread ...	-	1
Swiss Pate with Truffles ...	-	1			
Table Creams ...	-	1			
			Total ...	6	104

In addition, a sample of beef sausages was taken for the Pesticide Residues Survey.

All the samples were reported as genuine except the following :-

Article	Irregularity	Action Taken
Cochineal Extract	The label did not bear the declaration in the required form.	This was old stock. New supplies correctly labelled. All existing stocks removed.
Pure Cane Coffee Sugar	The article contained an added colouring matter and the word "pure" was not justified and the ingredients were not stated on the label.	Representation made to manufacturers.
Food Colours	The container did not bear the statutory declaration required by the Colouring Matters in Food Regulations, 1966.	This was manufactured in U.S.A. Upon representation labelling was amended to comply with the Regulations.

# URBAN DISTRICT OF BANSTEAD

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## List of Surrey County Council Clinics

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### MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE

South-Eastern Division of the County (Divisional Medical Officer,  
"Caberfeigh", 24 Hatchlands Road, Redhill. Tel.: Redhill 64732).

#### **BANSTEAD:**

**Banstead Clinic, Bolters Lane.**  
(Tel. Burgh Heath 51836)

**Infant Welfare Clinic:**  
Tuesdays, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.  
Thursdays, 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.

**Cytology Clinic:**  
Mondays 9.30 a.m. to 11.30 a.m.  
Phone Burgh Heath 51836 for  
appointment between these times.

**Dental Clinic:**  
For Infants, School Children, Expectant and Nursing Mothers.  
By appointment.

**Eye Clinic:**  
By appointment.

**General Medical Clinic:**  
By appointment.

**Mothercraft & Relaxation Exercises:**  
By appointment.

**Physiotherapy & Remedial Exercises:**  
By appointment.

**Speech Clinic:**  
By appointment.

#### **TATTENHAMS:**

**Tattenham Crescent Clinic:**  
(Tel.: Burgh Heath 55555)

**Infant Welfare Clinic:**  
Tuesdays, 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.

**Dental Clinic:**  
By appointment.

**General Medical Clinic:**  
By appointment.

**Physiotherapy:**  
By appointment.

**Speech Clinic:**

By appointment.

**Mothercraft :**

By appointment.

**Parentcraft :**

By appointment.

**Family Planning Clinic:**

2nd and 4th Tuesdays, 7 p.m. to 8.30 p.m. Appointments to be made during this period by telephoning Burgh Heath 55555.

**NORK:**

St. Paul's Church Hall,  
Warren Road.

**Infant Welfare Clinic:**

Fridays, 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.

**LOWER KINGSWOOD:**

Church Hall,  
Buckland Road.

**Infant Welfare Clinic:**

1st and 3rd Mondays, 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.

**WALTON-ON-THE-HILL:**

Congregational Schoolroom,  
Walton Street.

**Infant Welfare Clinic:**

1st and 3rd Tuesdays, 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.

**TADWORTH:**

Church Hall,  
Station Approach Road.

**Infant Welfare Clinic:**

2nd and 4th Wednesdays, 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.

**CHIPSTEAD AND**

**WOODMANSTERNE:**

Chipstead Clinic,  
Outwood Lane,  
(Junction Court Hill),  
Woodmansterne.  
(Tel.: Downland 53346).

**Infant Welfare Clinic:**

Mondays, 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.

St. Peter's Church Hall,  
Woodmansterne.

**Infant Welfare Clinic:**

1st and 3rd Tuesdays, 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.

Peter Aubertin Hall,  
Elmore Road,  
Chipstead.

**Infant Welfare Clinic:**

1st and 3rd Fridays, 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.



# **IMMUNISATION AGAINST POLIOMYELITIS, DIPHTHERIA, WHOOPING COUGH, TETANUS AND MEASLES AND VACCINATION AGAINST SMALLPOX**

By appointment at Child Welfare Clinics or  
by arrangement with Family Doctors.

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## **SCABIES AND LICE**

**Treatment Clinic,  
Public Health Department,  
Chipstead Road,  
Banstead.**

By arrangement with  
The Medical Officer of Health.  
(Tel.: Burgh Heath 53430).

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## SERVICES AVAILABLE FOR THE ELDERLY

- AIDS FOR THE DISABLED:** Mrs. Pellatt, Divisional Welfare Officer, British Red Cross Society, 56 Kingswood Road, Tadworth. (Tel.: Tadworth 3269).  
Mr. Moon, Divisional Superintendent, St. John Ambulance Brigade, 44 Lyme Regis Road, Banstead. (Tel.: Burgh Heath 57970).
- CHIROPODY SERVICE:** Old People's Welfare Committee, Council of Social Service Office, Council House, Banstead. (Tel.: Burgh Heath 53430). (Office hours: 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m., Mondays to Fridays).
- CLUBS:** These are available throughout the district and for information telephone: Old People's Welfare Committee (Burgh Heath 53430, between 10.30 a.m. and 12.30 p.m., Mondays to Fridays).
- DAY CENTRE—  
FOR THE HOUSEBOUND:** Held fortnightly on Wednesdays from 10.30 a.m. to 3.30 p.m. Information from: Old People's Welfare Committee (Tel.: Burgh Heath 53430) between 10.30 a.m. and 12.30 p.m. Mondays to Fridays.
- HEALTH CENTRES:**  
Banstead Clinic,  
Bolters Lane.  
Tattenham Crescent Clinic,  
Tattenham Crescent.  
Wednesday afternoons 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.  
Thursday mornings 10 a.m. to 12 noon.
- HOME HELP SERVICE:** Home Help Supervisor, "Caberfeigh", 24 Hatchlands Road, Redhill. (Tel.: Redhill 64732).
- HOMES:** Application for admission to a home for the elderly should be made to the Divisional Welfare Officer, 44 Reigate Hill, Reigate. (Tel.: Reigate 43357).
- MEALS ON WHEELS:** Available Tuesdays to Fridays on application to the Old People's Welfare Committee. (Tel.: Burgh Heath 53430) between 10.30 a.m. and 12.30 p.m. Mondays to Fridays.
- MEDICAL LOAN EQUIPMENT:** Mrs. Loveridge, British Red Cross Society, 3 Glenfield Road, Banstead. (Tel.: Burgh Heath 55766).  
Mr. Moon, Divisional Superintendent, St. John Ambulance Brigade, 44 Lyme Regis Road, Banstead. (Tel.: Burgh Heath 57970).

## TUBERCULOSIS

The following Hospitals serve the District:—

**St. Helier Hospital,  
Wrythe Lane,  
Carshalton.  
(By appointment).**

Mondays, 9.30 a.m.  
Tuesdays, 9.30 a.m.  
Wednesdays, 2 p.m.  
Fridays, 9 a.m.  
2nd Wednesday, 5 p.m.

**Redhill General Hospital,  
Earlswood Common,  
Redhill.**

Mondays, 2 p.m.  
Thursdays, 2 p.m.

**Epsom District Hospital,  
Dorking Road,  
Epsom.**

Mondays, 2 p.m.  
Tuesdays, 2 p.m.  
Thursdays, 9.30 a.m.  
Fridays, 9.30 a.m.  
B.C.G. Clinic, 1st Thursday, 2 p.m.  
\*Miniature X-Ray:—  
Mondays, 2 - 3 p.m.  
Tuesdays, 10.30 - 11.30 a.m.

It is necessary to make an appointment for attendance at these clinics.

\* Patients are referred by General Practitioners to the Miniature X-Ray Clinic. No appointment is necessary.

### **Mass X-Ray Mobile Unit.**

Central Library, Bolters Lane, Banstead.  
Tuesdays, 7.30 - 8.30 p.m.

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## VENEREAL DISEASE CLINICS

**St. Helier Hospital,  
Wrythe Lane, Carshalton.**

Males: Mondays, 9.30 a.m. -  
1.30 p.m.  
Wednesdays, 4 - 6 p.m.  
Thursdays, 4 - 6 p.m.  
Females: Tuesdays, 4.30 -  
6.30 p.m.  
Wednesdays, 2 - 4 p.m.  
Fridays, 2 - 6 p.m.

(Patients can be seen at other times by appointment).

**Croydon General Hospital,  
London Road, Croydon.**

Males: Tuesdays, 4 p.m.  
Fridays, 10 a.m.  
Saturdays, 10 a.m.  
Females: Mondays, 2 p.m.  
Wednesdays, 10.30 a.m.  
Thursdays, 4 p.m.

**Redhill General Hospital,  
Earlswood Common.  
Males: Mondays, 5 - 7 p.m.**



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